Electrical Safety
What should you be looking for?

Always inspect power cords and electrical fittings for damage and wear.

Cords or equipment must be rated for the level of amperage or wattage being used. Larger appliances must always be plugged into an outlet.

Do not use outlets or cords that have exposed wiring. This may result in shock.

Multiple power bars must not be plugged in together.

Unusually warm or hot outlets may be a sign that unsafe conditions exist and all outlets must be fully covered with outlet plates.

Replace broken or damaged 3 pronged plugs.
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Use extension cords only as a temporary power supply. (90 days is recommended max.)

Power cords must be kept away from sources of heat. This can damage the insulation and cause shock.

All electrical equipment must bear the mark of a nationally recognized testing laboratory. (Can be found on Electrical Safety Authority web page)

Electrical cords must be placed where they cannot be damaged by sharp edges of desks, doors, etc.

Power cords must not be tied in knots. This can cause short circuits.

Always ensure that cords are pulled from the plug and not from the cord.